## A Soldiers Fare Is Rough

Letters From A. Cameron In The Indian Territory

Arkansas Campaign, 1862-1864

Maxey's Division at Houston, Texas.2 At the close of the war Cameron was with Samuel Bell until the fall of 1864 when he returned to Camden, Arkansas. there was ordered to Louisiana where he was in active service February, 1863, he returned to the Indian Territory, and from was involved in the Battle of Prairie Grove in December. In Remaining in the Fort Smith area for several weeks, Cameron 1862 when the Company was ordered to Maysville, Arkansas. 1862. He remained in the Indian Territory until the late fall of Cameron was enlisted into the Confederate Army on April 4, Company moved to Fort Washita, Chickasaw Nation, where pany of cavalry under the command of John W. Marshall. The until Cameron joined a group of Texans who formed a Com-February 22, 1860, and they lived in Greenville, Hunt County, ter of Oliver W. and Jane C. Spradling of Hunt County, on County Clerk in 1860. He married Permelia Spradling, daugh-County where he was elected as County Surveyor in 1858 and 17, 1833.1 In 1853 he moved to Texas, settling in Hunt Cameron, was born in Moore County, North Carolina, June Alexander Cameron, son of Neill and Elizabeth Campbell

Cameron's letters to his wife span the entire period of his military service. His first letter from Fort Washita was dated April 14, 1862:3

it is left to General Piker to deside wether we will organization the Matter has not been desided as yet Regiment or at least Said we Should not go into the der for Colonel he ordered our Company out of the was attached to the regiment he would beat Alexanity of the Companies Taylor concluded if Marshall position and Marshall being the favorite of a majorander6 from Shearman was his favorite man for that onel and that was against Bob Taylors wish Alexand Captain Marshall' became a candidate for Colthat Reported but were the ninth Sworn in to Service expected to Join We were the eleventh Company about to be ruled out of the Regiment to which we we will be attached it Seems at Present that we are dangerous I am not able to Say to what Regiment good only two or three Sick in camp and they not Same day the health of our company is tolerably 4th day of April and were Sworn in to Service the how long we may stay here We arrived here on the home We are Still at I't Washita and I don't know I am in good health and have been ever since I left of writing you a few lines which will inform you that Dear Wife I avail myself of the present opportunity

days I hope you will write as Soon as you can I me to hear I will close and write again in a few were in good health which was a great Satisfaction to tuesday Morning at Mrs Delernetts and told me you Latimore10 this Morning he told me he Saw you last and I will Send this letter by him I also Saw Sam terday and he is going to Start home this Morning Mothers or at Greenville I Saw Bob Spencer<sup>9</sup> yesnot and whether you are going to Stay at at your Staying whether you have rented out the place or and let me know how you are and where you are Coffee I want you to write to me as Soon as you can Eat Such as we do get Bacon, Flour Sugar & Barley times I am a tolerably good Cook We get Plenty to ting use to camp life. I have made Bread Several passed through the Fort Yesterday. We are all get-Since I have been here at that was an Indian She ble at this time I have not Seen but one woman would like very much to See you but that is impossithere Was one hundred and Sixty Sick left there I but he is expected to arrive there in a few days Regiment he was left at North fork with the Sick North East of this place Dr DeJernetts is not in the tew had the Meesles they are camped Nine miles that were there the most of them are well Some been over to Taylors Regiment and Saw all the Boys will try and come home and Stay a few days I have leave this place if we Stay here any length of time I again in a few days I don't know when we will under the command of General Pike I will write we will be attached to Some Battalion or Regiment go into there organization or not if we do not go in

In his letter of April 17th, Cameron gave more details of camp life:

Remain your affectionate husband till Death

S/A. Cameron<sup>11</sup>

Dear Wife Again I avail my self of the present opportunity of writing you again This will inform you that I am in good health and I hope this letter will find you in the enjoyment of the Same the health of our company is tolerably good the Boys are all up at this time We are Still at Ft Washita and I do not know how long we may remain here though I presume we will leave in a few days and go over to General Pikes head Quarters about 9 miles from Ft Washita, and Stay there till we are thoroughly

Drilled Captain Jack Marshall is running for Colonel in the new Regiment though we have no vote in it as we were to late geting here to become a part of that Regiment

I must close for the present give my Respects to know if anybody has paid you any money since I left going home and I Send this letter by him let me well which gratified me verry much Mr Kimbro13 is he Saw you at McWrights Store and that you were Thomps McDonald12 got in Yesterday and told me no difficulty the Boys are all quiet in that Respect we have a considerable Bussle and Stir in camps but evry thing you can think of that would interest me have Rented the place how Bob is geting along, and health is and where you are Staying and whether you write as Soon as you can and let me know how your home but I will come as Soon as I can I want you to ever did, but I am not able to tell when I can come ever was and I believe I want to See you as bad as I much I have been longer from home now than I Army well drilled Permelia I want to See you verry where he is and Stay there long enough to get his So that evry man is on duty Pike is going to fortify either on Camp guard Picket guard Provo gard &.c. of dicipline having any man that is able for duty out Pike is restricting the Soldiers to the Strictest Rule have thirty Six Pieces when they all get together there now and about 18 Pieces of artillery he will 12 to 15 Thousand troops there is about 4 Thousand mori thode evan lliw en redether he will have about from miles N E from here at Nail's Bridge when he gets will Elect him again Pikes headquarters is about 9 Colonel he will come back to his Company and We this place at this time if Marshall gets beat for will have to do in a few days. I have command of isfied it will be a close Race. We will know what we will be elected and Some think Alexander. I am Satine Alexander from Shearman Some think Marshall tell how it will result he is running against Almerthe Election is now going on and I am not able to

your Mother and all the children to Mrs Dedernett & Children & to Bob I Remain your affectionat Husband till Death good by for this time

S/A. Cameron<sup>14</sup>

Cameron wrote the last extant letter before the end of the summer:

is here and Starts for home this Morning over there Several times to See the Boys Mr Gee ment is Stationed about 8 miles from us I have been as long as the weather keeps good. Taylor's Regi-Washita but our Boys think it fun as Yet and it is Piquet Guard evry day and keep out a guard at Ft here 4 or 5 months at least. We have to Send out or not but the Supposition is Now that we will Stay whether we will Stay in the vicinity of this place long camped about one half mile off I do not know paign We have Moved out of the Fort and are en-I could not be hired to Stay from you in this camthink of you often and if it were not for our liberties home I have enjoyed myself very well Permelia I enjoying yourself above anything I could hear from pest you can for I would be glad to hear that you are come you Must not dispare try to enjoy yourself the time about the last of this week but Should I fail to may not get off Soon but I will try to Start Some Shall be permitted to do So before long though I pe the gladest in the world to See you and I hope I about your health for a few days Permelia I would blessing of life I have been Some what uneasy of the Same good blessing which is the greatest gratified me to learn that you were in the enjoyment found me in the enjoyment of good health and which and affectionate Letter delivered by Mr Gee<sup>15</sup> which Dear Wife I have just Received and read your kind

the one you Sent by Turpinin was left at Taylors Soon I Received your two first Letters 4 days ago eat and walk about Some Permelia you must write them are confined to their tents they are all able to Some are complaining of being Sick though none of for Several days Some of our Boys are at home and self & R. W. Spencer16 have been doing the Cooking made Flour Bread with my hands Several times myverry Well the Boys Say I am a good Cook I have had Some body to Cook it. But I dont like to Cook to eat here Such as it is and it is good enough if We have not heard any thing Since I left We get Plenty left home I am very anxious to hear from Mother I I have not heard one word from him Since I when you write again please tell me where your Pa you Stated you were not at your Mas Since I left

Regiment and I did not get it for several days Kim-

bro brought one I was verry to hear from you befor I Received them I will write again in a few days give my respects to Mrs DeJernett Eugene Bardy<sup>18</sup> Bob & All my friends and I hope to See you Shortly I remain your affectionate husband till abouth

S/A. Cameron<sup>19</sup>

It is evident that Marshall's Company did not become a part of Taylor's command, and apparently the Company remained a detached Company for some time. In Gen. Pike's Meturn of the Department of Indian Territory for May, 1862, Captain Marshall's Company was reported with 4 officers, 66 men, and 71 aggregate present, 94 aggregate present and absent, and 71 aggregate present, 94 aggregate present and absent, and 71 aggregate present and absent, and 71 aggregate present, 94 aggregate present the sent. 20 It is possible that Cameron was furloughed during the summer of 1862 but no record and no reference to such furlough was found.

John S. Roane on June 1: veloped between Pike and Hindman. Pike wrote to Brig. Gen. on May 31, 1862,23 and immediately a bitter controversy de-Mississippi River, and Texas.22 Hindman assumed command Indian Territory, the state of Louisiana west of the bracing the states of Missouri and Arkansas, including the nounced the boundaries of the Trans-Mississippi area as emgeneral order from the Secretary of War at Richmond anthe Red River, and the Indian Territory.21 On the same date a prise the states of Missouri and Arkansas, Louisiana north of command to be designated as Trans-Mississippi and to com-Beauregard, ranking Confederate commander in the West, the and the Indian Country, by orders of Maj. Gen. P. G. T. Hindman was assigned to command the forces in Arkansas sippi and Indian Territory. On May 26, Maj. Gen. T. C. disruption occurred over the command of the Trans-Missis-During the summer and fall a great deal of confusion and

Before hearing of any advance on Little Rock, I had found it necessary to let one half the efficient force of three regiments here return home to reap the wheat harvest, which, from the great number of sick, has so reduced those regiments that they are mere skeletons . . . Colonel Taylor has about 300, and Colonel Alexander about the same, including three detached companies. The whole infantry and cavalry force present for duty is less than 1,000 men.<sup>24</sup>

Pike's complaints against Hindman increased,25 and on June 26, Pike wrote from Fort McCulloch to the Secretary of War about the lack of supplies and Hindman's actions, adding, 'If

you choose to call for copies of Major-General Hindman's general orders you will readily discover why it will be impossible for me to consent to remain here long if every movement I make is to be dictated by him." Hindman wad demoted when special orders from Richmond, dated July 16, 1862, assigned the command to Maj. Gen. Theophilus H. Holmes. Meanwhile, on June 30, Pike ordered Marshall's Company into the Wichita Mountains:

thus established will be called Camp Alexander.28 tain at that post an additional company. The post when the number is sufficient, muster into and reany cause; and he may receive additional men, and grant no furloughs or leaves of absence whatever for wrongs be done the Reserve or wild Indians. He will depredations, while taking care that no unprovoked the Reserve, and guard the Texas frontier against Capt. John W. Marshall will command all troops in of ammunition per man and 60 days provisions. building. The command will take with it 100 rounds commissary warehouse and any other necessary different angles beyound the lower one; and also a each, loop-holed, and the upper story projecting at laborers; and he will erect 2 block-houses, of 2 stories quartermaster will furnish them mechanics and Scott, the highest peak of the mountains. The dept. the foot of Mt. Beauregard, heretofore known as Mt. Creek, or a branch of Cache Creek, in the valley, at ceed to the Wichita Mountains, on the head of Clear Capt. Marshall's Company of Texas Cavalry will pro-

Shortly after this order, on July 20, Pike submitted his resignation and requested leave of absence, and enclosed to the Secretary of War copies of some of his own reports as well as orders from Hindman, emphasizing the seriousness of the situation in the Indian Territory.<sup>29</sup>

Cameron's letter of September 11 was from Fort Washits and gave no indication that he had been home during the

:Jewwns

My Dear Wife it is with More than ordinary feelings of pleasure I write to you this morning feeling the ties of love and affections toward you my Dear wife I received your Kind letter of the 7th Inst last Night and hasten to answer the Same Your Letter found me in the Enjoyment of good health and I was truly glad it left you enjoying the Same and I was truly glad it left you enjoying the Same good blessing for there is Nothing that affords me as good blessing for there is Nothing that affords me as

pay it over to you and you can use it as you wish was entitled to from Austin if he has I want him to See if Cansler<sup>30</sup> paid over the amount of Percent I Pah to See Bob the first time he goes to Town and Not to Cook in the House I want you to tell your have your Stove and I want you to Send them word are So bad I was very glad you did not let Mrs Gee and I expect they will damage the place their Boys pied than by them for Gee Never does pay his Debts me whatever I had rather the House was unoccuhouse to Gee he done it without any authority from I was very Sorry to hear that Bob had rented our to leave you of whom I love So well Dear Permelia pendence and Southern rights that would induce me then become reconsiled there is Nothing but Indeenter the field to leave their homes and families I when I think of what Stimulates Southerners to greatest cross of my life to be in this Situation but ried and I am ready to acknowledge that it is the period we have been Seperated Since we were Marbeen from their companions but this is the longest have not been absent from you as long as Some have hear that you are enjoying good health it is true I much Satisfaction as to get a letter from you and to

your affectionate Husband get off I will write you again Write Soon I Remain leave I am coming if I can but if I do not and cant not know how I am to get off without going without lough any of his men for more than one day and I do tain Marshall recd orders a few days ago to Not furevery effort to come that is within my Power Capknow now whether I can come or not but I will use time but things have changed Some what and I dont I thought I would come home to See you at a certain Permelia when I wrote to you before I told you that other when Seperated as we frequently are Dear communicate our thoughts and affections to each ceeds the Necessity of visiting when we wish to thankful for the Invention of writing for it Superms I bas eldiseoqmi si teat tud gaitirw to beet am Dear Permelia I wish I could See you this Morning

S/ A. Cameron31

Fort Washita C. N. Friday Morning 10 oclock A.M Sept 19th 1862

Mrs Permelia A. Cameron

the family I Remain as ever your affectionate Hus-Now wating for my letter give my respects to all leave here I have No time to write for Mr Lowery is the Means in my Power to come to See you before I tented the best you can My Dear wife I will use all you about what time he will come back be con-Send an answer by him when he returns he will tell a few minutes he will carry this letter and you can off Mr Lowrie<sup>32</sup> of McCamants<sup>33</sup> Co Starts home in think it will Some 12 or 15 days before we all can get if I possibly can we are geting ready to Move but I I will try and come to See you before we leave here Joying good health if I am not Permited to See you great Satisfaction to to me to hear that you are englad to hear that you were in good health that is a tents with my yarn vest a few days ago I was truly I recd your kind and affectionate Letter and its conwrite you a few lines this leaves me in good health My Dear wife again I resume my pen in hand to

S/A. Cameron<sup>34</sup>

Fort Washita C N September 27th 1862 Friday Evening

Mrs Permelia A. Cameron South Sulphur Texas

band till Death

My Dear wife it is with great Pleasure that I resume my pen in hand to write you a few lines resume my pen in hand to write you a few lines which will inform you that I am in good health and I truly hope this may find you enjoying the Same I wrote to you last Friday and Sent the Letter by Wm Lowry and he promised me he would go by and pring me an answer but he did neither though I presume you got the Letter I am neither though I presume you got the Letter I am very anxious to get a letter from you Thompson McDonald Received a letter from his Sister and She Said that Hugh Dugan³s and Jane Anderson³s were both dead and that Thomps wife was very Sick he Starts home to night and he has agreed to go by and Starts home to night and he has agreed to go by and take this letter to you and you must try and Send me take this letter to you and you must try and Send me

fectionate Husband till Death will close as Thomps is wating I Remain your af-I sysb was a ni noy eet to See you in a few days I have any chance at all try and Send me an answer nothing that might injure you in any way if you must take the very best of care of your Self and do are ordered back even if we Start Dear Permelia you them evry day So we may not get very far before we sion but had not recd his orders but were looking for his Company here this winter he reed his Commiscommand of this Country here that he would keep a Major General and that if he was assigned to the and he to told the Captain that he was commissioned Marshall was over to See General Pike the other day to write now Thomps is about Ready to Start Capt unless in a case of emergency. I have but little time from his Captain and that is what I dont wish to do with Thomps but he goes without leave of absence would be the gladest in the world to go this evening goes wrong you must by all means Send for me I off though if I Should fail to come and any thing home if it is within my Power to do So before we get in about 7 or 8 days and as I Said before I will come another in a few days we will be ready to leave here

S/A. Cameron37

Cameron did not get a furlough, and as the time approached for the birth of their child, he became more concerned. His last letter from Fort Washita was dated October 2:

hobble him that night and I turned mine loose with to runaway for Some time and I got the man to un-Sunday Night I found a horse that had been trying could get leave to hunt for her and accordingley on cluded I would make my Poney Runaway and then I to do when I found I could not get to come I conand be reported to Head Quarters and that I hated to get to come but to leave without leave of absence to do So has failed I done evry thing in my power any thing that I could be with you but all my efforts this time I See no pleasure and would give almost you Soon may be I am very uneasy about you at you are well at this time but I am truly in hopes that Know that you are doing well. I have no idea that lines I am well and I would be exceedingly Joyful to tunity of addressing you this morning with a few My Dear wife I avail myself of the present oppor-

good health a the circumstances of the case would close hoping this letter will find you enjoying as Nute Marshall38 is here to day he is well I will gets here. My Dear I will write again in a few days about friday night I Shall be in Suspence till he would go and come by your House and I look for him ent crises Thomps McDonald promised me he for free men but nevertheless it is right in the Presand must do only as we are bid it Seems very hard bear but the time has come when we are not our own Dear this is one of the trials of life and very hard to Send for me that gives me Some consolation My though if any thing was wrong your Father would which Seems to me to be two Months I Still think heard a word from you Since the 14th day of Sept Miserable and will be till I hear from you I have not very hard thing for me to do My Dear I am almost resort to and had to give up coming which was a then completely wound up I had no other Means to our 3rd Lieutenant being Sick in the Hospital I was Company and detail Some person to hunt my horse he had got Said letter and that I must Stay with the to get leave to hunt my Poney he informed me that Spencer to come there immediately and when I went got a letter from Bonham requesting him and Dick home but alas on Monday Morning Capt Marshall thought then I would get to hunt them and come him and on monday morning they were gone

Dear Permelia good By

S/A. Cameron

S/A. Cameron<sup>39</sup> Satisfaction Your affectionate Husband kind and affectionate Letter which gave me much My Dear after I had closed my letter I Received your

with him. 40 panies were ordered to join Marshall's Company and move hours to Maysville, Arkansas, and any other detached comnot needed in that region were to march within forty-eight and others, at or near Forts Washita and McCulloch who were Texas Companies under Capt. Marshall and Capt. Martin, dation from Gen. Hindman, were issued that the various Within a week, orders from Gen. Holmes, after recommen-

flict between Gen. Pike and Gen. Hindman worsened. Pike As Marshall's Company moved toward Arkansas, the con-

ter" that we were ordered to Start to hunt the feds My Dear wife as I Stated to you in my other Let-Cameron's letter of December 11 from Van Buren gives a letter states that 'we are in McDonalds Brigade."46 Partisan Rangers, commanded by Lt. Col. R. P. Crump, his ber of men engaged in Col. W. P. Lane's Regiment, Texas "Commander of Marshall's Squadron" and listed in the num-Prairie Grove, and although his military record shows he was ander, and Etter. 15 Cameron participated in the Battle of Corps included the commands of Bass, Stevens, Guess, Alexsippi Department, dated December 12, Gen. Hindman's First eissiM-saut of the Organization of the Army of the Juans-Missisone of the groups under the command of Hindman. In the ber Cameron was at Van Buren, Arkansas, presumably with and included charges against Gen. Holmes." By early Decemdent Davis from Warren, Texas, that he was a prisoner there, arrest Pike, 13 and later that month Gen. Pike wrote to Presi-On November 3, Gen. Hindman issued orders to find and and that the responsibility lay with Hindman and Holmes.'z War George W. Randolph that the Indian Country was lost, been accepted." In late November he wrote to Secretary of October 23, having been advised that his resignation had not

had resumed command of the Indian Territory temporarily on

we Started from Camps about 7 oclock Wednesday vivid description of the engagements of the previous week:

coats Saddles Sabres 6 Shooters & guns of all Sorts

no Little the Road was Strown with Blankets Overthat the feds had thrown off in their flight which was then ordered back we fell back and gathered up all Round at us but only wounded one man we were found they were too Strong for us they fired one formed in line of Battle and Sent our Spies But Soon them back to the line of their Infantry we there ketching them for about 4 miles till we had Run them had Skedaddled we followed on and keept pieces of Artillery and Some Prisoners the most of Right here we captured about 30 Wagons & two and wounded two they wounded two of our men a Round was fired and we killed three of their men through fields and woods till we Reached their Train the Federals a charge was ordered and here we went an hour till the head of our column came in Sight of the vicinity of the feds we then Marched Slowly for day we were under full Speed till we Reached within ordered to March in Double quick and from that till Slowly till Saturday Night at 2 oclock we were Morning the 3rd Inst and kept Moveing North

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Hindeman was the Genl commanding we only lost Washington County on the Fayettsville Road Genl the Battle was fought 8 miles North of Cane Hill subsist an army on between here & where they are and I hardly think they will for there is nothing to feds fought well they did not attempt to follow us am not able to vouch for one thing I do know the inforcements of 12000 that night the truth of this I about 18000 on each Side & that they Received Rements about dark the Supposition is there was sequence of the Enemy Receiving large Reinforcetreat was not known but was Supposed to be in conand we were left in the Rear the cause of our Retry & Artillery began to Pass us they all passed Stay in line & about 12 oclock that night the Infanthe Battle field we were there halted and ordered to in to the Road we had come up about 4 miles from Cain\*9 Hill directly we took another direction & fell body knew where we Started in the Direction of Brigade was ordered to move we Started and No hold their Position about 2 houres in the Night our and eat their Suppers the cavlary were ordered to marched out to a large cornfield and built their fires field after the Battle closed the Infantry were our men had driven them back on all Parts of the Both holding their Position till just before they quit it was a continual Roar of Small arms & Artillery the Small Arms let Loose & from that time till dark ing was kept up and about 2 oclock in the evening Shells was a thick as hail Seemingly the cannonadthis was the most Severe the Cannon Balls & Bomb was done Men that had been in battle before Said Soon found us out and of all the Shelling that ever wing of our army we took aposition their but they opened about 9 oclock we were ordered on the left Artillery & Infantry and the Artillery Ball then the Enemy about this time had advanced with their time had all come up and we Planted two Batteries McDonalds\*8 Missouri Brigade our Artillery by this ment (W. P. Lanes from Texas) and 350 of Col in this charge was about 800 men 450 in our Regicommenced alittle after Sun up the Number we had Major & ten other commissioned Officers this Break ber of Prisoners taken in this dash was 250 one & the balance of our cavalry had come up the Numtaken back to the Train by this time our Infantry all Such things these things were all collected and KnapSacks haverbacks Hats Capts Boots Shoes &

bound to Suffer if they Stay there for the army that women & children from here to Fayettville are where the Armys are traveling for I can just tell you ing line times compared with what they are here women and children in Texas where you are are Seeis a trying time on all both men and women but compose yourself the very best you can I know this will be tolerably bad Dear Permelia I want you to though I expect the chance for Sending Letters here glad to hear from you now as I know I cant See you I will have opportunity before Spring I would be the army at this time though it may be possible that come home there is no furloughs at all granted in but I See no Prospect at the Present of geting to and Little Lura I think of you and her a great deal melia I would be glad I could be at Home with you mouth the Missourians fought Mobly Dear Perordered back they Seemed considerably down in the geting back to their own State but when they were Rejoicing to think that they had Some Prospect of Morning if they were there the Missourians were them and that we would Renew the Battle next Saw that night after the Battle that we had whiped fought and it was the full calculation of all that I eral others it is Sure we whiped them while we back as a reserve the whole Texas Brigade and Sevment they were not in the fight they were held tolerably bad off I Saw the boys in Stevens ' Regigood health there is Several of the Boys Sick Some any thing to eat for man or Horse though I am in tolerable hard trip up three days and nights without is no telling what our Movements will be we had a Stay here we my be ordered off in two hours there here last Night and I don't know how long we will dont know whether this is correct or notes we got mans Official Report has not been made yet and I wounded and theirs about 3 times as great Hindour loss was put up at 200 killed and about 400could Stand it as long as any other on the field music from any I had ever heard but I thought I Place & no mans life was Safe there it was different 6 miles East of Greenville it was a tolerably hot Musket Ball he was Sent to the Hospital he lived Smith<sup>52</sup> was Seriously wounded in the Shoulder by a was from our company one of our Boys Hugh A. MySelf & Lieut Spencers with 23 men was all there three men killed &11 wounded in our Regiment

affectionate Husband till Death Fathers & Let them hear from me I Remain your for me give my Respects to all & try to go to Paper I will write again the 1st chance Kiss Lura Permelia I have written all that I can write on this how long they thought it would continue Dear they Said they were tired of the war but did not Say talked with Some of the Prisoners that we Took and thing they want to eat and destroy the balance I much worse on our People decause they take evry men will eat it it can be got the Northern Army is by having nothing to Subsist an Army upon and entreaties of the women & children that is caused man or Horse can eat not withstanding the Fodder Wheat or oats and in fact evry thing that a one and take the last Ear of corn the last bundle of go in to the yard and kill hogs where they had only enough on this March to Satisfy me they would even country where my family lives for I have Seen desolate above all things keep an army out of the est and burnt their fences &c the country looks North and South have taken evry thing they have to

S/A. Cameron<sup>66</sup>

Col. MacDonald's command had been involved in a skirmish on December 6 near Fayetteville when his men surrounded a detachment under Maj. Bredett, 56 but there is no way of knowing whether Cameron was with MacDonald at that time, nor is it known how long he remained with this regiment, at Cane Hill and Prairie Grove, because MacDonald moved to Lewisburg in late December and on January 9 in an engagement at Marsfield, MacDonald was killed. 57 The United States ment at Marsfield, MacDonald was killed. 57 The United States remained with the Confederate forces in the Fort Smith area remained with the Confederate forces in the Fort Smith area until at least mid-January, 1863. 59 From Camp Spake, fifteen until at least mid-January, Cameron wrote his wife:

My Dear wife it has only been II days Since I wrote to you<sup>60</sup> but this being a liesure time and I have an opportunity to Send you a letter I avail myself of the opportunity we have been here now Eight days and these Eight days have as Rough weather as I ever saw in any Country we have had three Rains and two Snows Since we Stoped here though I am in hopes the weather will Moderate now I understand

we will leave here tomorrow. I have never Seen as

Fort Smith for Col Crumps<sup>62</sup> Cavalry & about 12 Discovery they returned the next day we Sent to Start & the night very dark our Boys could make no was raining So hard and they had about 4 hours the got about 40 horses and Started after them but it but they hunted around through the Regiments and were here five Regiments of Infantry and no cavalry Army about night our Paroled Boys got in and we manding Co. A. 1st Texas Regiment United States erly exchanged & Signed his name as Capt comnot take up arms against the United States till propthem Paroles after Swearing them that they would they Surrendered and he disarmed them and gave ing the condition of their guns offered no resistence on them and Demanded their Surrender they knowof camps Martin D. Hart with about 25 men ran up and let their guns get wet when in about 21/2 miles they were Marching along and I expect carelessly camp the rear Guard was about 3 miles in the rear command about the time the command stoped to Guard of about 25 men behind all our train and the it was raining and had been all day and we had a rear will relate the circumstance the evening we got here have Some good News about Martin D. Hartei I Salt in Camps and it cant be got at that Permelia I cure I have heard two Dollars a Pint offered for and Pork are three things that are very hard to pro-Something to eat or an army cant exist Flour Salt Texas a Soldiers fare is rough but they must have this Country and I expect it is not much better in through for Provision is very Scearce all through that we will have a tolerably hard time in geting bought and that was our last resort My opinion is had to press a great deal of it at that it could not be have been here to procure Subsistance and in fact we River we have had a tolerably hard time Since we from all I can learn we will move back towards Red I am not learned for certain where we will Stop but with all the family enjoying the Same good blessing I truly hope this will find you and Lura together Dear Permelia this leaves me in good health and deep Snow as this in Texas

overhauled him with 40 of his men he is now in

after Martin through the Mountains & on the 18th Crump & his men about 120 came down and got all the day & night and about half the next o'clock that day it commenced Snowing & Snowed **†**9

Fort Smith in Prison I have not Seen him but I have Seen a great many that did See him he had two citizens killed in the Country because they had been Strong Secessionists his capture caused great rejoicing in camps I dont know what they will do with him Dear Permelia I think I will get to come home when we stop I want to see you very much I have not heard from you in two months I will write again Soon good by for the Present

Kiss Lura for me give my Respects to all the family Since writing the within Letter I have Seen Isam Latimore<sup>63</sup> who just returned from Fort Smith and States that he Saw M. D. Hart hung & cut down Also his 2nd Lieutenant they were hung yesterday Morning that is a good joke Svanerone<sup>64</sup> S. Camerone<sup>64</sup>

This phase of the northwestern Arkansas campaign saw the retreat of the Confederate forces, some towards Little Rock, <sup>66</sup> and Cameron with a group who moved into the Indian Territory. In mid-February Cameron wrote from Camp Kiamitia:

you may look for me the 1st chance I get give my others are expected back Soon they could bring him me Mr Grantes & Crawford Simpsons & Several is Sufficient for me to Ride I would you Send him to you See any person coming up and your little Poney Next Week I will then apply for leave of absence if money before I leave if I Should get my money looking for it in a day or two I had much rather get the 1st of Next Week if the Money comes we are can get off I am going to make an application about cer returns if So it will be the 10 or 15th before I Sooner if I can I may have to Stay till R. W. Spentain till the 10 or 15th of March though I will get off get off in a Short time but dont look for me for cer-Makes me feel very restless. I hope I will be able to Very bad and Seeing all the other Boys going home good blessing Dear Permelia I want to See you Lura together with all the family Enjoying the Same in good health and I truly hope it will reach you and opportunity of addressing a few lines this leaves me My Dear wife. I again avail myself of the Present

Respects to all the family and you and Lura accept the Same good By till I See you which I think will be Soon I Remain your affectionate Husband till Death

S/A. Cameron<sup>68</sup>

Cameron was furloughed February 21, 1863, for sixty days, after which he returned to Camp Kiamitia for a short time before he was ordered to Louisiana. At this time he was First Lieutenant of Co. H, Hawpe's Regiment Texas Cavalry (Dismounted), a position he maintained through the rest of the man. He was involved in the Louisiana campaign until the fall of 1864 when he returned to the area around Camden, Arkansas. His brief sojourn in Arkansas was almost over, but the future was less bright than he foresaw when he wrote to his wife:

ing required I am Strong in that opinion for it there will be a Settlement made and no more fightthe time the Spring Campaign Would open that fall and Winter and I am very much in hopes that by more fighting on this Side of the River during this will be to bad I do not think that there will be any Winter Sets in then they can not travel for the Roads more troops here than they have and if they wait till their being able to reinforce we have a great many not got force enough and it is very doubtful about advance and I hardly think they will for they have needed the Yankees have not made any attempt to den I think for no purpose but probably they will be alry who are in front all are fortifying around Camarmy of this district is here except Some of the Cavsiderably longer I do not know how long all the and probalby will continue to do So for Some conthis camp We have been fortifying here ever Since Bragg we left there the day I wrote and came to pect I wrote to you on the 13th" while at Camp has been time the mail has not been regular I exhave not gotten a letter before now it Seems that it cello on the 27th day of Sept I do not know why I got was dated Sept 6th I received that at Monteheard from you in a good while the last Letter I enjoyment of the Same good blessing I have not will find you both together with all the family in the am in good health at this time and I hope this Letter mitted to address you this will inform you that I My Dear Wife and Daughter I am once more per-

Husband till Death wishes for your Self I am as ever your affectionate Respects to all the family & accept my Love and dest Letter from you Soon kiss Lura for me give my conscript me but I will resk it I hope I will get a the Col of the Regiment Says if I Resign he will again but it may be 2 or 3 weeks before I will do it approved a few days I Still intend to Send them up month from that time but alas they came back dis-Papers were Successful that I would be at home in a my Resignation and thought probably that if my I Stated to you in my last Letter that I had Sent up Price75 has taken Jefferson City Missouri Permelia Rounds fired day before yesterday also that Genl Strength of the News Genl Magruder" had 50 plies and that Shearman was falling back13 on the and had torn up the Rail Road and cut off his Supgotten in the rear of Shearman at Atlanta Georgia killed12 We also have the News that Genl Hood has feated and driven back and old Pickaune Butler was taking the place by Storm but as usual he was deattaked Lees whole line with the full assurance of ever have been whiped and drove them back Grant Whiped Genl Grants yankee army worse than they few days ago 1st that Genl Lee at Richmond Va very good news from the other Side of the River a for which they commenced the war we have heard they have never accomplished any part of the object Satisfy them that they had better quit fighting that Seems that the North have Seen Sufficiently to

S/A. Cameron<sup>76</sup>

Cameron's optimism about the war was unjustified, but he remained with his Company through the closing months of the war. His last letter, dated May 9, 1865, was from Maxey's Division at Houston, Texas. 77 He was to return to his beloved family at last.

## NOLES

I. Family Bible. Interview Notes, Ms. Hazel Caldwell. A biographical sketch of Cameron is found in Biographical Souvenir of the State of Texas, Containing Biographical Sketches of the Representative Public, and Many Early Settled Families (Chicago: F. A. Battey and Company, 1889), 148-151.

2. A. Cameron Letters, 1862-1865, in possession of Ms. Hazel Caldwell.

A. Cameron Military Records, Civil War, Confederate Archives.

3. The original spelling and punctuation have been retained.

Anne C., and their eleven children lived in the Tidwell Creek area of Hunt and personal property holdings of slightly over \$10,000. He and his wife, years of age, a farmer and native of Tennessee, with combined real estate County), hereafter referred to as Census Returns, 1860. Marshall was 44 lation Schedules of the Kighth Census of the United States, 1860 (Hunt County mentioned in Cameron's letters, the information is taken from Popu-4. John W. Marshall. In the attempt to identify residents of Hunt

Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies, ser. I, vol. XIII, 821. 5. Col. Robert H. Taylor. The War of the Rebellion: A Compilation of the

6. Col. Almarine Alexander. Ibid. Hereafter cited as Official Records.

regiments of Texas mounted men, under Cols. Taylor and Alexander, one company of the same and one from Arkansas with the Vineteenth Regiment, and one company of Infantry. Ibid., vol. XIII, 821. from Ft. McCulloch, Indian Territory, reported that he had at that post two army via Little Rock. Ibid., 763; 764; 795; 798. On April 15, 1862, Gen. Pike, to assume command of two of them, the others being directed to join the were then on the march from Texas to join that army, and he directed Pike partment, wrote to Pike that he understood that several cavalry regiments from his Van Buren, Arkansas, headquarters of the Trans-Mississippi De-Gen. Earl Van Dorn in March, 1862, and on March 22, Gen. Sterling Price, VIII, 697; 699; 719-722. Pike had been ordered into northern Arkansas by hopes of obtaining the necessary items for effective organization. Ibid., vol. Benjamin of the great problems facing the Indian Territory and expressed mediately, but on December 25 wrote to Secretary of War Judah P. 22, 1861. Ibid., vol. VIII, 690; vol. XIII, 978. He began his organization imby orders from the Secretary of  $\bar{\mathrm{W}}$ ar, Confederate States, dated November 7. Gen. Albert Pike. Pike was placed in command of the Indian Territory

\$40.00. Reuben DeJernett Military Records, Civil War, Confederate eyes and complexion. His horse was valued at \$180.00 and the rigging at Mounted Rifles. He was described as 5'10" tall, with black hair and dark mental surgeon of Co. D, 22nd Cavalry (Texas), Taylor's Regiment Texas and was mustered in at Ft. Washits on December 18, 1862. He was the regiwife, Auz F., age 25, native of Georgia, a son, Eugene C., age 3, born in Alabama, and Warren B., age 1, born in Texas. Census Returns, 1860. Dr. DeJernett (also spelled De Jernette) enlisted in Texas December 14, 1862, and personal property of \$11,100.00. A native of South Carolina, with his 8. Dr. Reuben DeJernett, age 36, physician, with combined real estate

ated at \$4,200.00, living in Greenville in the household of Mr. McWright, and 9. Possibly Richard W. Spencer, age 30, a merchant with property evalu-

10. Isham Latimer. Martin D. Hart Military Records, Civil War, National native of Tennessee. Census Returns, 1860.

him have been unsuccessful. It is possible that this was Bob Spencer. See fn. turns, 1860. Cameron mentioned "Bob" several times, but efforts to identify Archives.

11. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, April 14, 1862.

12. Thompson T. McDonald, of Greenville, was a farmer, a native of Mis
13. Thompson T. McDonald, of Greenville, was born in Kentucky. Census Re
13. Thompson T. McDonald, of Greenville, 18, was born in Kentucky.

Index (Dallas: Microfilm Center, n.d. Originals at North Texas State Univer-13. Possibly Jos. Kimbro, age 42. 1st Sgt. in Co. G, Beat 1, Hunt County, 14th Brig. Texas State Troops, enlisted July 6, 1861. Texas Confederate

14. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, April 17, 1862. sity, Denton, Texas).

1860. See A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, September 11, 1862. G. Gee, age 54; his wife, Mary, and 5 sons and 2 daughters. Census Records, Gee, a clerk, age 61; his wife, Anne W., and 4 sons and 1 daughter. William 15. There were two families named Gee in Hunt County in 1860. James H.

16. See fn. 9.

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was to command the brigades of Shelby and Bradfute, who became ill and
 assume command of Bass's forces and get them in order. Gen. Marmaduke
 troops. Hindman ordered Col. Bradfute, who was with him at the time, to
 troops were disorganized and alarmed at reports of the approach of Federal
 were in the area nine miles above Fayetteville on the road to Elkhorn. The
 was at Fayetteville and that four regiments of Texas cavalry under Col. Bass
 Smith. Official Records, ser. I, vol. XXII, pt. 1, 899. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, December 11, 1862. Gen. Hindman reported on October 16 that he
 effective strong, was ordered to Gen. Marmaduke at Oliver's Store near Ft.
 46. Cameron Military Records. If Cameron was with this unit on November 29, Lt. Col. R. P. Crump, with Lane's regiment of Texas men, about 600
                                                                   45. Ibid., 903.
                                                              .229-129 .. bid. . pt
                    42. Ibid., 923; 980. The action was to be taken secretly.
                                                                   41. Ibid., 924.
              Headquarters of the District of Arkansas, and dated October 8.
40. Official Records, ser. I, vol. XIII, 895; 896. The orders were from the
                                                   Lura Lee, was born October 9.
39. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, October 2, 1862. Their daughter,
                                                            Census Returns, 1860.
 household were Jasper Marshall, age 22, and Delilah Marshall, age 21.
hold of Elizabeth Keith, age 65, and Margaret Marshall, age 45. Also in the
 38. Newton Marshall, of Greenville, age 21, native of Tennessee; in house-
                 37. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, September 27, 1862.
 36. No one named Jane Anderson was found on the Census Returns, 1860.
                                                            Census Returns, 1860.
34. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, September 19, 1862.
35. Hugh Dugan, age 22, farmer, native of Kentucky; his wife, Cintha, age 16, born in Texas; and their son, George H., age 1, born in Texas.
                             (M. A. Thesis, The University of Texas, 1935), 53.
Lieut. in an Infantry Company under the command of Capt. B. D. Martin was formed in 1863. Ethel Casales, "A History of Hunt County,"
also Hunt County residents. Census Returns, 1860. J. M. McCamant was 3rd
ginia, and Alexander McCamant, age 31, farmer, native of Virginia, were
farmer, native of Virginia. John D. McCamant, clerk, age 25, native of Vir-
in which case the reference is probably to James M. McCamant, age 28,
33. It is probable that this was one of the Companies from Hunt County,
                                        wife or his sister. Census Returns, 1860.
18, was listed in the same household but it is not clear whether she was his
32. William E. Lowry, age 21, native of Tennessee, in household of William M. Lowry, age 60, and Elizabeth Lowry, age 57. Martha Lowry, age
                                                              child was expected.
time" to which he referred was obviously the following month when their
31. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, September 11, 1862. The "certain
                      34th Texas Regiment Cavalry. Texas Confederate Index.
30. Possibly Marcus H.Cansler, one of the commanding officers of Co. H,
                                                              29. Ibid., 860-69.
                                   28. Official Records, ser. I, vol. XIII, 953.
      27. Ibid., 855. Oates, Confederate Cavalry West of the River, 48-49.
                                                                  26. Ibid., 841.
                                               24. Ibid., 935. 356; 856; 847-48.
                                                                   23. Ibid., 29.
                                  22. Official Records, ser. I, vol. XIII, 841.
                                  (Austin: University of Texas Press, 1961), 38.
21. Ibid., 28. Stephen B. Oates, Confederate Cavalry West of the River
                                   20. Official Records, ser. I, vol. XIII, 831.
                      19. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, April 28, 1862.
                                                        Unable to identify.
                                                            Census Returns, 1860.
17. Possibly William M. Turpin, age 35, oculist, and native of Kentucky.
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miles by Gen. Herron. Ibid., 344-345. other supplies, and were pursued into the Boston Mountains for several hour, the rebels were routed, leaving camp equipage, a few wagons, and force of 3,000 commanded by Col. Cravens. In a sharp engagement lasting an in which Brig. Gen. Herron attacked four miles east of Fayetteville a rebel U.S.A., reported on action at Oxford Bend, White River, near Fayetteville, L. Cravens. Ibid., vol. XIII, 46-51. On October 29, Gen. Samuel R. Curtis, gave up the command without reporting it, and was replaced by Col. Jesse

Official Records, ser. I, vol. XIII, 358. It is not known if Cameron was with and that Col. Cloud had chased them within eighteen miles of Van Buren. "notorious Emmett MacDonald" who had fled across the Boston Mountains, 300 strong, between Fayetteville and Cane Hill, under the command of the U.S.A., reported that Col. Cloud had come upon a force of provost guards, 48. Emmett MacDonald. On November 12, Brig. Gen. James G. Blunt, 47. Not found.

49. Cane Hill. A description of the area is given in Gen. Hindman's MacDonald at that time.

Report. Ibid., vol. XXII, pt. 1, 138-146. 50. Maj. Gen. Thomas C. Hindman, commanding First Corps, Trans-Mis-

sissippi Army. Ibid., 138.
51. Probably R. W. Spencer. See fn. 9.
52. Hugh A. Smith, of Greenville, age 28, a farmer and native of Poly of Greenville, age 28, a farmer and native of Poly of Greenville, age 28, sa farmer and native of Greenville, age 38, sa farmer and native of Greenvil

loughed through July, 1863, and absent without leave after July 24, 1863. Tennessee; his wife, Mary A., age 23; Sarah E., age 7, John, age 5, Polly C., 3; and Rachail L., age 1, all born in Tennessee. Census Returns, 1860. Smith enlisted as a private in Co. H on July 20, 1862, at Ft. Washits. He was furenlisted as a private in Co. H on July 20, 1862, at Ft. Washits. He was fur-

146. Marmaduke's report, which includes actions by MacDonald's command is in Ibid., 146-148. See Ibid., 154-156 for MacDonald's report. Oates, Confederate Cavalry West of the River, 85-112. Hugh A. Smith Military Records, Civil War, Confederate Archives.
53. Hindman's report is in Official Records, ser. I, vol. XXII, pt. 1, 138-

54. James G. Stevens.

55. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, December II, 1862. 56. Official Records, ser. I, vol. XXII, pt. I, 113.

57. Ibid., 196; 207-211.

58. Gen. James G. Blunt reported, "The Stars and Stripes now wave in triumph over Van Buren," on December 28. Ibid., 168. Hindman's report on

59. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, January 22, 1863. the loss of Van Buren is found in Ibid., 171-173.

Mary, a native of Missouri; and five children. Hart's total property evaluation was \$25,000.00. Census Returns, 1860. See also William E. Sawyer, "Martin Hart, Civil War Guerrilla," Texas Military History, III (1963), 146-153; J. S. Duncan, "'Martin Hart, Civil War Guerrilla," Addenda," Military History of Toyco and the Senthmert VI (1973), 13. 61. Martin D. Hart, a Greenville lawyer and native of Indiana; his wife 60. Not found.

62. Lt. Col. R. P. Crump. Hindman's report on the post-Prairie Grove tary History of Texas and the Southwest, XI (1973), 137-142.

activity showed Crump located at Dripping Springs, nine miles north of Van

Buren. Official Records, ser. I, vol. XXII, pt. 1, 171-173. 63. Isham Latimer. See fm. 10.

64. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, January 22, 1863.

66. Possibly Wyatt Grant, age 27, teamster, native of Tennessee. Census 65. Oates, Confederate Cavalry West of the River, 112.

67. Crawford Simpson, of Greenville, a carpenter, age 22, and native of Returns, 1860.

68. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, February 18, 1863. Kentucky. Census Returns, 1860.

Marcus J. Wright, comp., and Harold B. Simpson, ed., Texas in the War 69. Cameron Military Records. Tresevent (Trezevant) C. Hawpes (also Hawpe) was Colonel of the 31st Texas Cavalry Regiment (Dismounted).

 A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, October 22, 1864. 1861-1865 (Hillsboro, Texas: The Hill Junior College Press, 1965), 28.

71. Not found.

72. This undoubtedly refers to the failure of Grant's campaign against Petersburg in June and July, 1864, which left Richmond in Confederate possession for the time. B. F. Butler may have been disgraced, but Cameron was mistaken in believing him killed. See J. G. Randall and David Donald, The Civil War and Reconstruction (Boston: D. C. Heath and Company, 1961), Apply 200

73. Accounts of the Atlanta campaign involving Gen. John Bell Hood and Sherman are found in Lloyd Lewis, Sherman Fighting Prophet (New York: Sherman are found in Lloyd Lewis, Sherman Fighting Prophet (New York: Harcourt, Brace and Company, 1958), 355-434, and Earl Schenck Miers, Harcourt, Brace and Company, 1958), 355-434, and Earl Schenck Miers, The General Who Marched to Hell: William Tecumseh Sherman and his March to Fame and Infamy (New York: Alfred A. Knopt, 1951), 131-162. The reports received by Cameron were belated and overly-optimistic, at least according to the letter to his wife.

cording to the letter to his wife.

74. Gen. John B. Magruder was transferred to the District of Arkanasa August 17, 1864. Wright and Simpson, Texas in the War 1861-1865, 203.

75. An account of Price's raid is found in Oates, Confederate Cavalry West of the River, 140-154.

76. A. Cameron to Permelia Cameron, October 22, 1864.

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